Factors Considered by the ISRB in Determining Eligibility for Parole

The factors considered by the ISRB in determining eligibility for parole include, but are not limited to:

- The Sentence Reform Act range for the crimes of conviction, e.g., the applicable sentencing range a Judge would consider if the crime was currently before the court under current sentencing law.
- The original recommendation of the sentencing Judge and Prosecutor to the ISRB.
- The length of time an offender has served on the conviction to date.
- Any aggravating or mitigating factors or circumstances relative to the crime of conviction.
- The offender's entire criminal history.
- All available information from the victim or the victim's family, to include comment on the impact of the crime, concerns about the offender's potential release, and requests for conditions if the offender is released.
- Participation in or refusal to participate in available programs or resources designed to assist an offender in reducing the risk of reoffense.
- The risk to Public Safety.
- Serious and repetitive disciplinary infractions during incarceration.
- Evidence of an inmate's continuing intent or propensity to engage in illegal activity (e.g.,

- victim harassment, criminal conduct while incarcerated, use of illegal substances.)
- Statements or declarations by the offender that he/she intends to reoffend or does not intend to comply with conditions of parole.
- Evidence that an inmate presents a substantial danger to the community if released.